# SEMINAR — SERIES —





CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD & AGRICULTURE

# Soil Health and CDFA Healthy Soils Program

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> Soil Health and Principles to Improve Soil Health

- ✓ Soil Health and Soil Organic Matter
- ✓ Four Principles to Build Healthy Soils

CDFA Healthy Soils Initiative and Healthy Soils Program

- ✓ Healthy Soils Initiative
- ✓ CDFA Healthy Soils Program (HSP)
- ✓ Eligible HSP Management Practices
- CDFA Healthy Soils Program Current Status
  - ✓ 2017 HSP First Solicitation Summary
  - ✓ 2017 HSP Second Solicitation



✓ Future Plan

## Why Soil Health Matters?



Healthy soil promotes healthy tree growth and increases fruit yield.



Healthy shoot growth and higher yield

More soil water and nutrients taken up Stronger resistance to pathogens and diseases





## **Functions of Soil and Soil Health**



### Soil Functions:

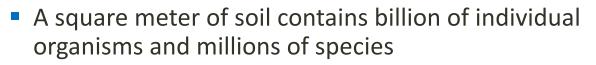
- Providing physical stability and support
- Regulating water through controlling, infiltration and retention
- Cycling nutrients
- ✓ Filtering and buffering potential pollutants
- $\checkmark$  Sustaining plants and animal life
- Soil Health: the continued capacity of soil to function as a vital living ecosystem that sustains plants, animals, and humans.



# Soil – A Living and Life Giving Natural Resource



• An estimated 25% of all living species in the soil



- A myriad of living organisms not visible with naked eyes
  - Micro-organisms (e.g. bacteria, fungi, protozoa and nematodes)
  - ✓ Meso-fauna (e.g. acari and springtails)
  - Macro-fauna (e.g. earthworms and termites)
- 90% of soil function is attributed to soil microbes

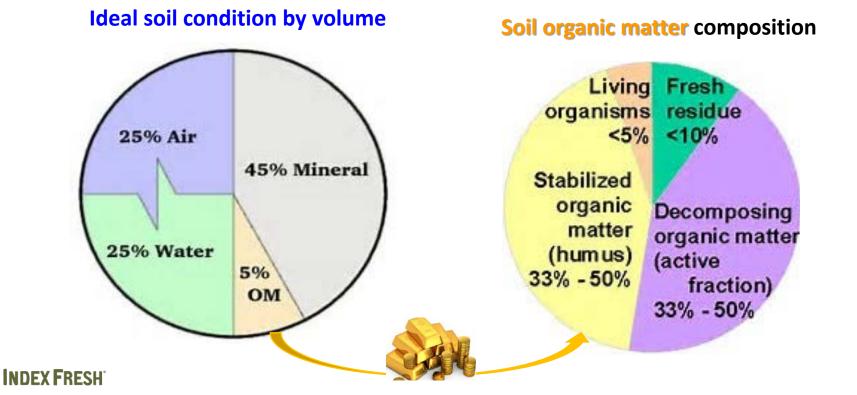
Fungi and bacteria break down organic matter making nutrients available to plants





## **Healthy Soil – Structure and Composition**





### **Important of Soil Organic Matter**





## **Important of Soil Organic Matter**

- Improves soil aggregate formation and structure
  - Reducing soil erosion and compaction
  - Improving water drainage and root growth
  - Increasing water infiltration and retention
  - Increasing water holding capacity
- Improves soil chemical properties
  - Increasing soil cation exchange capacity
  - Adding nutrients in soil and increase nutrient holding capacity
  - Increasing pH buffering capacity
- Increases soil microbial activity and biodiversity
  - Stimulating soil biological activity and nutrient release
  - Lowering pest and disease damages to crops



1. Keeping Living Roots in the Soil Throughout the Year





Root exudates stimulate and feed soil biology

2. Maximizing Soil Diversity through Plant Diversity



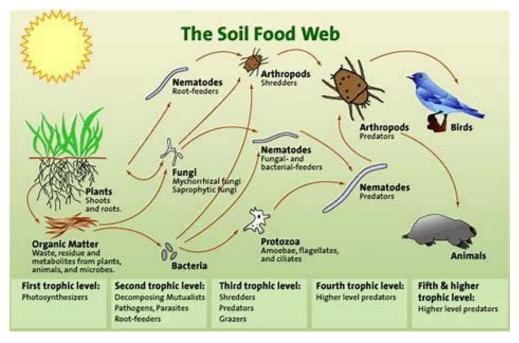
### **Crop Rotation**

### **Mixture Plantings**





### 2. Maximizing Soil Diversity through Plant Diversity – cont'd



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- Diversifying soil organisms and reducing soil pests

3. Minimizing Soil Disturbance – Conservation Tillage



### No-Till

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Strip-Till

**Reduced-Till** 

- Maintaining living root system and soil organic matter
- Increasing soil aggregate stability and structure
- Reducing soil erosion

### 4. Keeping Soil Covered





by residue, mulch and live plants

- Returning nutrients and organic matter to soils
- Improving water infiltration and reducing soil erosion
- Regulating soil temperature and conserving soil moisture

# Outline



Soil Health and Principles to Improve Soil Health
 ✓ Soil Health and Soil Organic Matter
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CDFA Healthy Soils Initiative and Healthy Soils Program
 Healthy Soils Initiative
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 2017 HSP Second Solicitation
 Future Plan



# Actions for the Healthy Soils Initiative: Interagency and State-Federal Partnerships

- Protect and restore soil organic matter on California soils
- Identify sustainable and integrated financial opportunities to facilitate healthy soils
- Provide for research, education and technical support to facilitate healthy soils
- Increase governmental efficiencies to enhance soil health on public and private lands
- Promote interagency coordination and collaboration to support soil health and state goals

## **Partnerships for State Healthy Soils Initiative**



# Healthy Soils Program (HSP): Objective and Funding



**Objective: To Build soil carbon and reduce agricultural greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions through incentives.** 

CDFA received \$7.5 million in FY 2016-17 to develop and administer a new incentives and demonstration program on the CA Healthy Soils Initiative from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund.

### Two Components of HSP:

- Incentives Program (\$3.75 M) On-farm implementation
- Demonstration Projects (\$3.0 M): Implementation and outreach to other farmers and ranchers.



### **HSP Incentives Program**

Eligibility

California farmers, ranchers, native American Indian tribes

- Up to \$50,000 per project
- Standard payment rates
- Project verification
- 2017 HSP Incentives program
  - ✓ CDFA funds in year 1 and 2

✓ Awardees provide cost sharing in Year 3

## **HSP Demonstration Projects**



### Eligibility

Non-profits, University Cooperative Extension Services, Federal/University Experimental Stations, Native American Tribes, Growers in partnership with Resource Conservation Districts (RCDs) or one of the aforementioned entities.

### Project Types:

- Type A: implement practice, measure GHG data and conduct outreach, Up to \$250,000
- ✓ Type B: implement practice and conduct outreach: Up to \$100,000

#### Outreach:

Awarded projects to invite 40 different individual growers/ranchers per year to site to showcase and share information on practice implementation.

### 2017 HSP Demonstration Projects

CDFA funds in year 1 and 2

Awardees provide cost sharing in Year 3

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# **2017 HSP Agricultural Management Practices**

### I. Soil Management Practices

Cropland Management Practices

Must follow NRCS conservation practice standards and associated site specific requirements during implementation.

- ✓ Cover crop (USDA NRCS CPS 340)
- ✓ Mulching (USDA NRCS CPS 484)
- Residue and Tillage Management No-Till (USDA NRCS CPS 329)
- Residue and Tillage Management Reduced Till (USDA NRCS CPS 345)
- Compost Application Practices

Must follow guidance in CDFA Compost Application White Paper.

- Compost Application to Annual Crops (CDFA)
- Compost Application to Perennials, Orchards and Vineyards (CDFA)
- Compost Application to Grassland (CDFA)

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## **2017 HSP Agricultural Management Practices**

### II. Herbaceous Cover Planting Practices

Must follow NRCS conservation practice standards and associated site specific requirements during implementation.

- Herbaceous Wind Barrier (USDA NRCS CPS 603)
- Vegetative Barriers (USDA NRCS CPS 601)
- Riparian Herbaceous Cover (USDA NRCS CPS 390)
- Contour Buffer Strips (USDA NRCS CPS 332)
- Field Border (USDA NRCS CPS 386)
- Filter Strip (USDA NRCS CPS 393)

## **2017 HSP Agricultural Management Practices**



### **III. Establishment of Woody Cover Practices**

(1) Must follow NRCS conservation practice standards and associated site specific requirements during implementation.
(2) Expected life of practice is 10 years.

### Woody Plantings Practices

- Windbreak/Shelterbelt Establishment (USDA NRCS CPS 380)
- Riparian Forest Buffer (USDA NRCS CPS 391)
- ✓ Hedgerow Planting (USDA NRCS CPS 422)

### Grazing Lands Practices

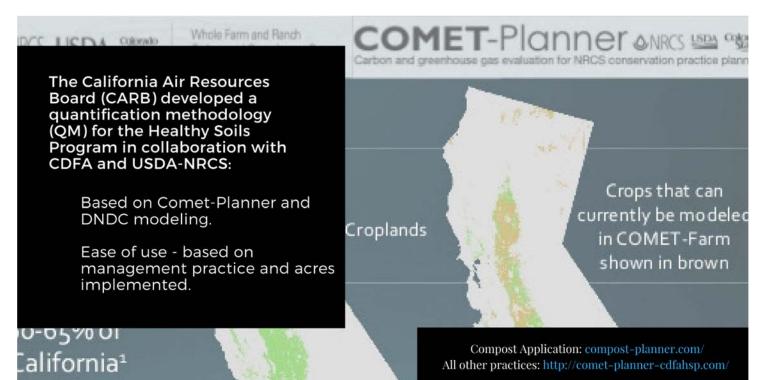
✓ Silvopasture (USDA NRCS CPS 381)

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### Quantification Methodology for GHG Emission Reductions





## Soil Management Practices: - Cover Crop



> Definition:

Crops including grasses, legumes, and forbs for seasonal cover and other conservation purposes.

- > Purpose (Benefits) of Cover Crop:
  - ✓ Reduce soil erosion
  - Build and improve soil fertility and health
  - ✓ Suppress weeds, and
  - ✓ Control diseases and pests.







Cover crops Help Build Mycorrhizal Networks: - connecting plants intra- and inter- specifically

Plants growing in close proximity are often connected underground by mycorrhizal hyphal interconnections.

Soil Management Practices: - Cover Crop

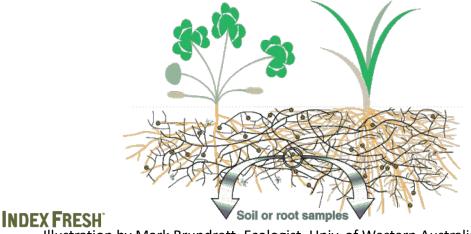


Illustration by Mark Brundrett, Ecologist, Univ. of Western Australia

AM fungi bridges cover crop to subsequent crop

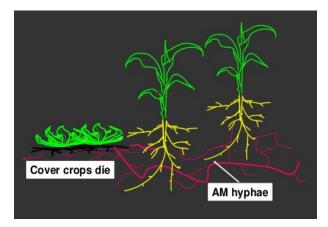


Illustration by Joel Gruver, associate professor, WIU Agriculture



## Soil Management Practices: - Mulching





Definition:

Applying plant residue or other natural materials produced off-site to the land surface.

- Purpose (benefits) of Mulching:
  - ✓ Conserve moisture
  - ✓ Reduce erosion
  - ✓ Suppress weeds
  - ✓ Regulate soil temperature, and
  - ✓ Improve soil Health.





# Soil Management Practices: - Residue and Tillage Management – No-Till







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### Definition:

Managing the amount, orientation and distribution of crop and other plant residue on the soil surface year around, limiting soil-disturbing activities to those necessary to place nutrients, condition residue and plant crops.

### Purpose (benefits) of No-Till:

- ✓ Reduce soil erosion and dust
- ✓ Reduce energy use and greenhouse gas emissions
- Improve soil organic matter content
- ✓ Increase plant available moisture
- ✓ Improve soil structure.

# Soil Management Practices: - Residue and Tillage Management – Reduced-Till





### Definition:

Managing the amount, orientation and distribution of crop and other plant residue on the soil surface year around while limiting soil-disturbing activities used to grow and harvest crops in systems where field surface is tilled prior to planting.



- Purpose (benefits) of Reduced-Till:
  - $\checkmark$  Reduce soil erosion and dust
  - ✓ Reduce energy use and greenhouse gas emissions
  - ✓ Improve soil organic matter content
  - Increase plant available moisture
  - ✓ Improve soil structure.

# **Soil Management Practices: - Compost application**

**Crop Type** 



**Dry Tons/Acre** 

2.2 - 3.6

4.0 - 5.3

2.2 - 3.6

4.0 - 5.3

4.0 - 5.3

4.0 - 5.3





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 $\begin{tabular}{|c|c|} \label{eq:higher N} & Higher N (C:N \leq 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Lower N (C:N > 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Higher N (C:N \leq 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Lower N (C:N > 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Higher N (C:N > 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Higher N (C:N \leq 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Lower N (C:N > 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Lower N (C:N > 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Lower N (C:N > 11) \\ \end{tabular} & Higher N (C:N < 11) \\ \end{t$ 

- $\checkmark$  Compost application rates eligible for funding through the program
- ✓ Compost must be produced by a facility permitted or otherwise authorized by state and local authorities that can demonstrate compliance with all state regulations.

**Compost Type** 

✓ STA (US Composting Council's Seal of Testing Assurance Program) or CDFA-OIM (Organic Input Material) Program certified compost is recommended.



## **2017 HSP Incentives Program Payment Rates**

Soil Management Practices	Practice implementation Name (COMET –Planner)	Scenario Name	Payment Unit	Payment Rate (\$)
Cover Crop (CPS 340)	Add Seasonal Cover Crop to Irrigated Cropland	General purpose	Ac	123.82
Mulching (CPS 484)	Add High Carbon Mulch to Croplands	Natural materials	Ac	376.56
No-till (CPS 329)	Intensive Till to No Till or Strip Till on Irrigated Cropland	No-till	Ac	29.40
Reduced-till (CPS 345)	Intensive Till to No Till or Strip Till on Irrigated Cropland	High residue	Ac	31.24
Compost Application (CDFA)	Compost (C:N ≤ 11) Compost (C:N > 11)	CDFA Application rate Range	Dry ton	35.00

# Outline



> Soil Health and Principles to Improve Soil Health

✓ Soil Health and Soil Organic Matter

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CA Healthy Soils Initiative and Healthy Soils Program

✓ Healthy Soils Initiative

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### CA Healthy Soils Program Current Status

- ✓ 2017 First Solicitation Summary
- ✓ 2017 HSP Second Solicitation
- ✓ Future Fund



Unsuccessful

## **Healthy Soils Program Application Process**

#### **Competitive Application Process**





## **Application Review & Evaluation**

### Multiple Levels of Review:

- > Administrative Review: Internal Conducted by CDFA.
- > Technical Review: External Conducted by Technical Reviewers (University experts).



Scoring Criteria for 2017 HSP Incentives program	Points
Project Feasibility	30
Project Sustainability	10
GHG Emission Reduction Benefits	20
Soil Health and Environmental Co-Benefits	10
Conservation Plan	10
Disadvantaged Communities	10
Additional Considerations	10
Total	100





## **CDFA Healthy Soils Program – First Solicitation**



*	Incentives Program		
	51	22	i
	projects	counties	C
8,992 tons CO2e/yr GHG Reduction		¢ r	

\$1.4 Million requested in grants \$1.6 million in Year 3 cost sharing \$1.62 million in matching funds

#### Demonstration Projects

22

20

projects counties

1,642 tons CO<sub>2</sub>e/yr **GHG** Reduction

\$3.2 Million requested in grants \$2.5 Million in matching funds



### **2017 HSP - Awarded Projects**



#### **Reducing Greenhouse Gases Per Year**

#### 10,634 tons of CO<sub>2</sub>e =

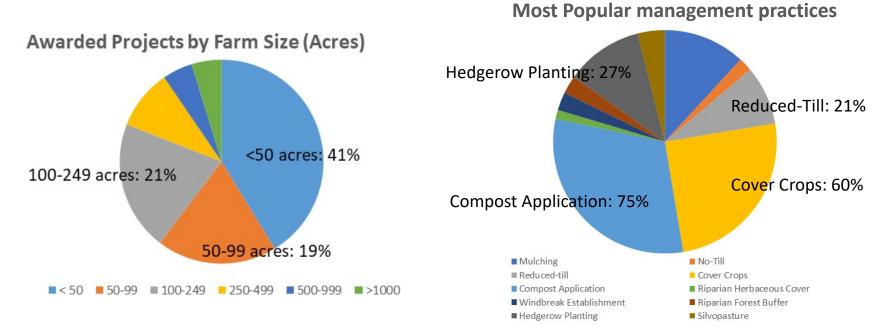


Source: https://www.epa.gov/energy/greenhouse-gas-equivalencies-calculator

Majority (~92%) of GHG reductions achieved through Compost Application - high acreage of adoption

### **2017 HSP Incentives Program - Awarded Projects**

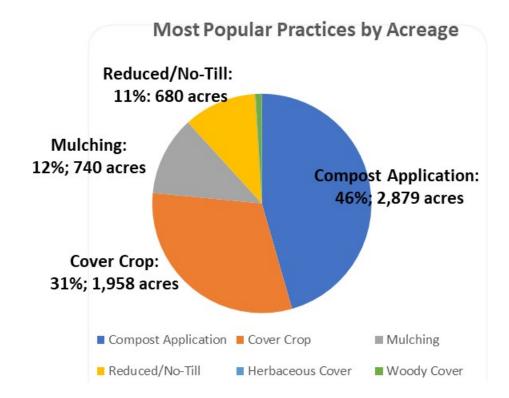




73% of the awarded projects implement more than one practice.



### **2017 HSP Incentives Program - Awarded Projects**



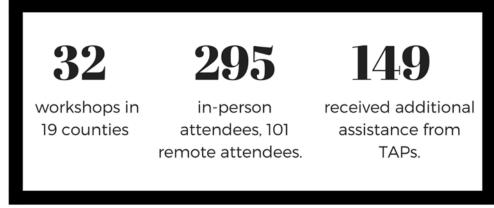


### 2017 HSP Incentives Program –First Solicitation Technical Assistance

### TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE

Workshops conducted by CDFA and 3rd-party Technical Assistance Providers (TAPs) funded by CDFA:

- Resource Conservation Districts
- University Cooperative Extension
- Non-profit organizations.



*Feedback provided by TAPs and applicants informs future process improvements.* 

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# 2017 Healthy Soils Program – Second Solicitation

- Fund Amount: \$1.6 million
  - ✓ Up to \$500,000 for Demonstration Type B Projects
  - \$1.1 million for Incentives Program
- Funds must be expended/liquidated by June 30, 2020.
- Program duration and cost sharing:
  - Program duration: May 1, 2018 Dec. 31, 2020.
  - ✓ HSP funds cover Project Years 1 and 2: May 1, 2018 Dec 31, 2019.
  - ✓ Cost sharing covers Project Year 3: Jan1, 2020 Dec 31, 2020.

# 2017 Healthy Soils Program – Second Solicitation



Grant Application Duration: March 6 – April 13, 2018

Application Technical Assistance provided by

CDFA (workshops and webinars)

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- RCDs and non-profit organizations funded by CDFA (workshops and one-to-one on-demand application assistance)
- Review Period: April May, 2018
- Award Announcement: May, 2018
- Applications Received by April 13, 2018
  - HSP Incentives Program: 43 applications, total funds requested: \$1.15 million

HSP Demonstration Projects: 11 applications, total funds requested: \$957,000
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## **CDFA Healthy Soils Program - Future Fund**



### **Potential Future Fund:**

### \$10 million

SB-5 California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access for All Act of 2018

## \$ 5 million

2018-19 Governor's Budget (proposed)



# CDFA Healthy Soils Program -Expanding the Suite of Management Practices



- Public call for proposals: November 6 December 18, 2017.
- 11 proposals, listing 31 practices received.
- CDFA evaluation process:
  - Publicly available research data in support of demonstrated Csequestration through a proposed practice.
  - Ability to incorporate into GHG quantification tools (e.g., already an NRCS Standard Conservation Practice).
- Examples of practices being evaluated: nutrient management, prescribed grazing, conservation cover, alley cropping and more...

https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/oefi/efasap/docs/AgendaEFASAPMeeting-03152018.pdf

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### **CDFA Healthy Soils Program Team & Acknowledgments**

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### **Reference Links:**



Healthy Soils Initiative: www.cdfa.ca.gov/healthysoils/

First California Healthy Soils Week: 2017 https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/healthysoils/soilsweek.html

CDFA Healthy Soils Program: https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/oefi/healthysoils/

Examples of practices being evaluated for addition into HSP: <u>https://www.cdfa.ca.gov/oefi/efasap/docs/AgendaEFASAPMeeting-03152018.pdf</u>

GHG quantification for compost application: <u>http://www.compost-planner.com/</u>

GHG quantification for all other practices: <u>http://comet-planner-cdfahsp.com</u>

### **Partnerships for Soil Health**







### 1. What we have learned about Soil

- 1) Soil is a living natural resource
- 2) Soil organic matter is the key to soil health
- 3) Soil biodiversity is important for plant resistance to pests, disease and pathogens.

### 2. How we should do to improve our soil health

- 1) Follow the four principles
- 2) Implement conservation management practices
- 3) Apply for <u>CDFA Healthy Soils Program</u> when next funding is available

